

535A SPRING 2023 PROBLEM SET #6

**Problem 1.** Lee *second edition* 6-1

**Problem 2.** Lee *second edition* 6-2

**Problem 3.** Lee *second edition* 6-9

**Problem 4.** Let  $F(x_0, x_1, x_2)$  be a homogeneous polynomial of degree  $k$ , i.e. it is a linear combination of monomials in the variables  $x_0, x_1, x_2$ , each of total degree  $k$ . Let  $Z(F) \subset \mathbb{RP}^2$  denote the set of points where  $F$  vanishes (convince yourself that this vanishing locus is well-defined even though  $F$  does not give a well-defined function on  $\mathbb{RP}^2$ ). Prove that  $Z(F)$  is an embedded submanifold of  $\mathbb{RP}^2$  provided that the partial derivatives  $\partial_0 F, \partial_1 F, \partial_2 F$  do not simultaneously vanish on  $Z(F)$ .